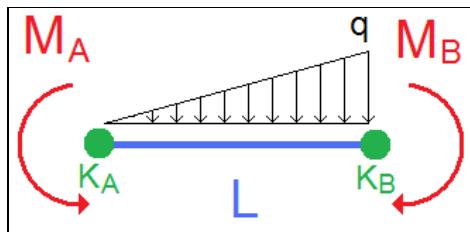


<b>SEMI-RIGID NODES</b>	TEST 007	rev.1 16/09/13	version 10.70
VALIDATION, CROSS CHECKS, RELIABILITY, BENCHMARK			Tested by: Marco Croci - Checked by: Paolo Rugarli



<b>MODEL</b>		
MODEL NAME	OUTPUT FILE	ANALYSIS TYPE
SR_007.WSR	SR_007.CS1.EEN	linear static

<b>DATA</b>					
L [mm]	q [N/mm]	E [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	I [mm <sup>4</sup> ]	K <sub>A</sub> [Nm/rad]	K <sub>B</sub> [Nm/rad]
1000	20	210000	1.592E+05	6.686E+07	1.504E+08

<b>THEORETICAL COMPUTATION</b>					
$r_A = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{3EI}{K_A L}} = 0.4$			$r_B = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{3EI}{K_B L}} = 0.6$		
$M_A = \frac{qL^2}{30} \left[ \frac{r_A(7-4r_B)}{4-r_A r_B} \right]$			$M_B = \frac{qL^2}{60} \left[ \frac{r_B(16-7r_A)}{4-r_A r_B} \right]$		

<b>CROSS-CHECK</b>			
<b>End Moment</b>	<b>Sargon [Nm]</b>	<b>Theory [Nm]</b>	<b>% difference (S-T)/T*100</b>
M <sub>A</sub>	3.262E+05	3.262E+05	0.0
M <sub>B</sub>	7.021E+05	7.021E+05	0.0

#### NOTES

- q load is parallel to flanges (weak axis bending).
- Formulae for M<sub>A</sub> and M<sub>B</sub> computation given in *Practical Analysis of Semi-Rigid Frame Design*, Editor: W F Chen, World Scientific Publishing (with the correction "16-7r<sub>A</sub>" for M<sub>B</sub> computation).
- r<sub>i</sub>=0: hinge; r<sub>i</sub>=1: fixed