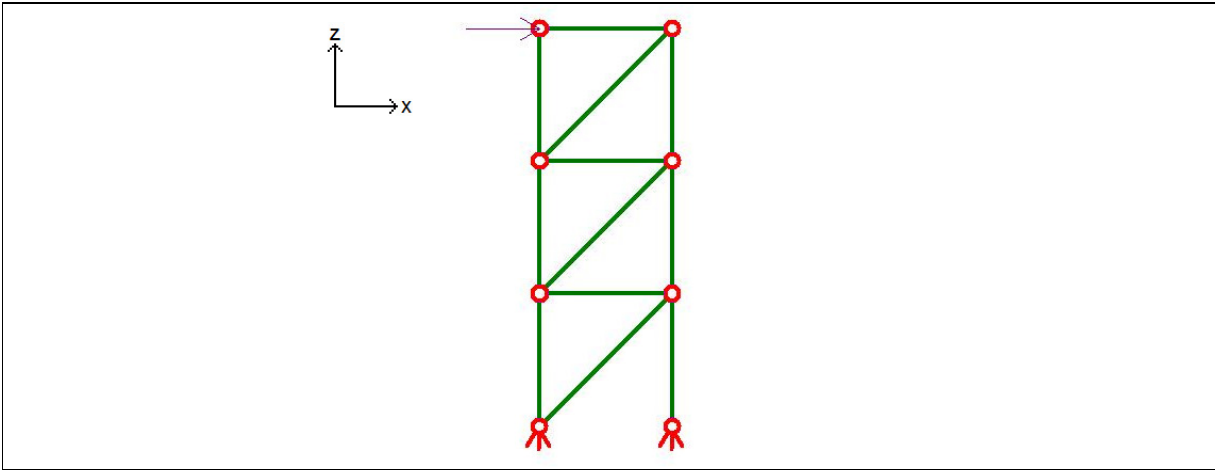


**Validation of Sargon Nonlinear solver (CURAN, version 9.60)**

**TEST TR019**

VALIDATION, RELIABILITY, BENCHMARK

Marco Croci Rev.2-06/12/2010



**Test description**

Constitutive law of trusses material: elastic-perfectly plastic. If  $\sigma_y$  is exceeded, the structure collapses. If  $\sigma_y$  is not reached, results should be equal to a linear elastic analysis.

Test model: **curanTR\_019.WSR**

**Material properties**

Name	$\nu$	E	$\sigma_y$
S275EP	0,3	210000N/mm <sup>2</sup>	275N/mm <sup>2</sup>

**Cross-section: HEA200**

**Force (x direction)**

Load case 1	F = +500000N
Load case 2	F = +20000N
Load case 3	F = +40000N

Load path: not active

**CHECK**

If  $\sigma_y$  is not exceeded, results should coincide with those of test 016 (case 2 and case 3). In test 016, in case maximum 1 normal stress is equal to 278,7N/mm<sup>2</sup>: here structure should collapse at a load level equal to 275N/mm<sup>2</sup>/278,7N/mm<sup>2</sup>=0,9869 and normal stress should be equal to  $\sigma_y=275$ N/mm<sup>2</sup>.

Load case	Value	Unit	CURAN	THEORETICAL	% diff.
1	Failure load level	/	9,855E-01	9,869E-01	-0,14
1	Truss #3 normal stress	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	-2,746E+02	-2,750E+02	-0,14
2	Truss #4 normal stress	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	5,254E+00	5,254E+00	0,00
3	Truss #12 normal stress	N/mm <sup>2</sup>	1,051E+01	1,051E+01	0,00

% difference = (CURAN - THEORETICAL) / THEORETICAL \* 100

Precision of limit multiplier for the analysis: 0.005