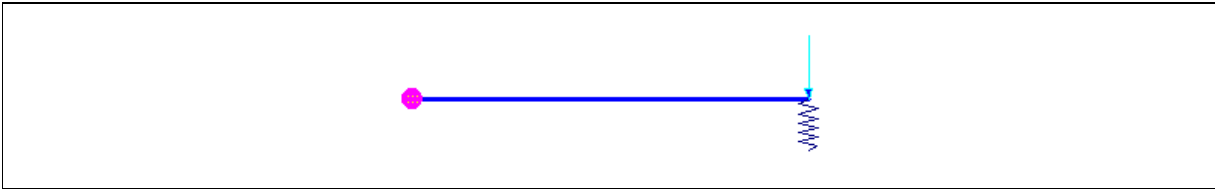



Validation of Sargon Nonlinear solver (CURAN, version 9.70)
TEST SP005
VALIDATION, RELIABILITY, BENCHMARK
Marco Croci Rev.1-10/03/2011

Test description

A spring has been added under the free end of a cantilever. The spring has a gap so that it starts to react after a displacement equal to 10mm.

Test model: **curanSP_005.WSR**

Springs properties

| k_1 [N/mm] | D_y [mm] | (k_2) [N/mm] | (D_u) [mm] | Gap [mm] | Law |  |
|--------------|------------|----------------|--------------|----------|-----------|---|
| 1950,078 | 100 | 0 | ∞ | ± 10 | symmetric | |

Beam properties

| Length | Shape | Material |
|--------|----------------------------------|--|
| 3000mm | IPE300 J=83561000mm ⁴ | S235 E=210000N/mm ² $\nu=0,3$ |

Loads and constraints

| Left end | Right end | Force |
|----------|-----------|-------------|
| Fixed | Spring | F = -50000N |

CHECK

Without the spring, the displacement of the simple cantilever would be equal to $FL^3/(3EJ)=-25,64\text{mm}$ and maximum bending moment would be equal to $F*L=1,5*10^8\text{Nmm}$. After a displacement equal to -10mm the spring starts to react: in this test k_1 is equal to $3EJ/L^3$, so the stiffness of cantilever+spring is 2 times greater than the stiffness of the simple cantilever and the additional displacement is equal to $[-25,64\text{mm}-(-10\text{mm})]/2=-7,82\text{mm}$. Total displacement is $-10\text{mm}-7,82\text{mm}=-17,82\text{mm}$. Computed moment should be equal to $1,5*10^8\text{Nmm}*17,82\text{mm}/25,64\text{mm}=1,0425*10^8$.

| Load case | Value | Unit | CURAN | THEORETICAL | % diff. |
|-----------|----------------------------|------|------------|-------------|---------|
| 1 | Node 8 displacement (z) | mm | -1,782E+01 | -1,782E+01 | 0,00 |
| 1 | Beam #1 max bending moment | Nmm | 1,042E+08 | 1,043E+08 | -0,01 |

% difference = (CURAN - THEORETICAL) / THEORETICAL * 100

Precision of limit multiplier for the analysis: 0.005