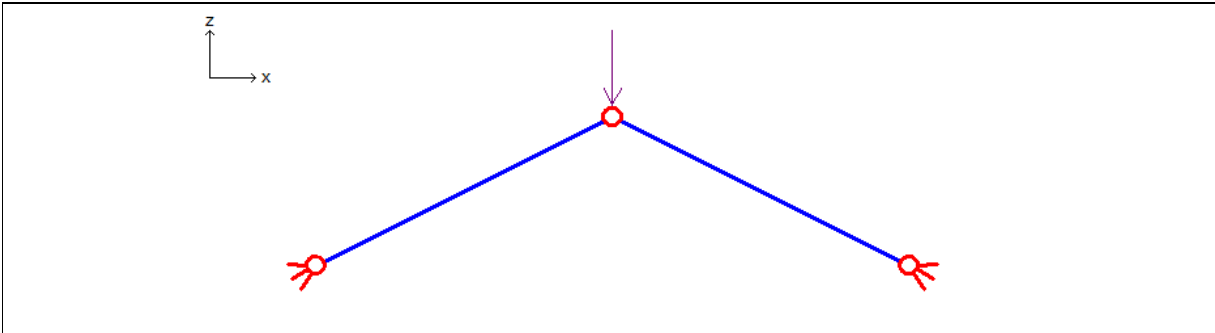


**Validation of Sargon Nonlinear solver (CURAN, version 9.60)**

**TEST TR006**

VALIDATION, RELIABILITY, BENCHMARK

Marco Croci Rev.2-03/12/2010

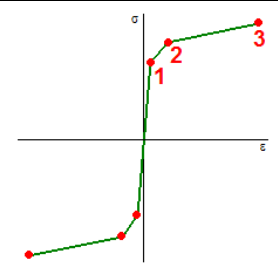


**Test description**

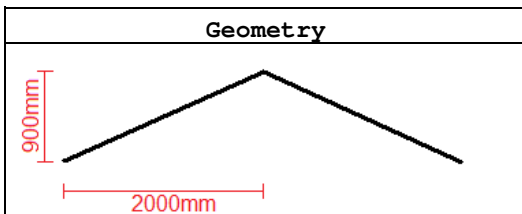
Constitutive law of trusses material: trilinear  
 If  $f_y$  is not exceeded, solution should coincide with a linear elastic analysis

Test model: **curanTR\_006.WSR**

**Material properties**

Name	S235TR	
$\nu$	0,3	
$\epsilon_1$	0,001119	
$\sigma_1$	235N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
$\epsilon_2$	0,004	
$\sigma_2$	300N/mm <sup>2</sup>	
$\epsilon_3$	0,02	
$\sigma_3$	360N/mm <sup>2</sup>	

**Cross-section:** circular section, diameter=40mm (area=1256,64mm<sup>2</sup>)



**Force (z direction)**

Load case 1	F = -240000N
Load case 2	F = +240000N
Load path: not active	

**CHECK**

Load case	Value	Unit	CURAN	THEORETICAL	% diff.
1	Truss #1 axial force	N	-2,924E+05	-2,924E+05	0,00
1	Node #8 displacement (z)	mm	-5,922E+00	-5,922E+00	0,00
2	Truss #1 axial force	N	2,924E+05	2,924E+05	0,00
2	Node #8 displacement (z)	mm	5,922E+00	5,922E+00	0,00

% difference = (CURAN - THEORETICAL) / THEORETICAL \* 100

Precision of limit multiplier for the analysis: 0.005